A psychiatrist believes that 75% of all people who visit doctors have problems of a psychosomatic nature. He decides to select 17 patients at random to test his theory. Assume the psychiatrist's theory is true.

- 1. What is the probability that the 7th selected patient has psychosomatic problems?
- 2. What is the probability that at least one of the 17 patients have psychosomatic problems?
- 3. What is the probability that exactly 10 of the 17 patients have psychosomatic problems? Solution:
- 1. .75.
- 2. $1 (.25)^{17} = 1 5.820766 \times 10^{-11} \approx 1$.
- 3. $C_{10}^{17}(.75)^10(.25)^7 = 0.0668448.$