

1. Let  $t < T_0 < \dots < T_n$  be a given tenor. Consider a bond that pays a floating coupon of  $c_i = (T_i - T_{i-1})L(T_{i-1}, T_i)$  at time  $T_i$  for each  $i = 1, \dots, n$ . By devising a replicating trading strategy, show that the time- $t$  price of the previous bond is  $p(t, T_0)$ .
2. Suppose that, at time  $T_0 = 0$ , there are available in the market  $n - 1$  zero-coupon bonds of maturities  $T_1, \dots, T_{n-1}$  and a swap of maturity  $T_n$  and payment dates  $T_1 < \dots < T_n$ . Is it possible to synthetically create a zero-coupon bond of maturity  $T_n$  using the available bonds and the swap? If yes, how?
3. (i) Deduce the time  $t = 0$  fair value of a swap contract, assuming that the fixed interest payments are every 6 months, but the floating interest payments are every 3 months. (ii) Repeat the problem, assuming that there is no interest payment at the end of the first 3 months. (iii) In the situation of (ii), what is the fair value of the swap rate in terms of zero-coupon bond prices.
4. The 1-year LIBOR rate is 10%. A bank trades swaps where a fixed rate of interest is exchanged for a 12-month LIBOR with payments being exchanged annually. The 2- and 3-year swap rates are 11% and 12% per annum. By using a Bootstrap-like method, determine the 2- and 3-year LIBOR rates.
5. Consider a portfolio of  $n$  bonds with corresponding weights  $\beta_1, \dots, \beta_n$  (which can be either positive or negative depending on whether we buy or sell the bond). Let  $p_i$  be the price of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  bond ( $i = 1, \dots, n$ ) so that the value of the portfolio is  $p = \sum_{i=1}^n \beta_i p_i$ . Show that, when the term structure of yields is flat, the duration  $D$  of the portfolio is given by

$$D = \sum_{i=1}^n \beta_i D_i \frac{p_i}{p},$$

where  $D_i$  is the duration of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  bond.

6. Compute the duration of a bond with nominal value \$100 that pays a semiannual coupon rate of 6% (per annum) and has two years left until maturity. Suppose that the yield of the bond is 4%.
7. Suppose that the annual interest rate is 4%. You have a liability with a nominal value of \$300, and the payment will take place in two years. Construct a duration-immunizing portfolio that trades in two zero-coupon bonds with respective maturities of 1 year and 3 years (both with \$100 par).
  - (a) How many unit of each bond should the portfolio hold;
  - (b) If the rate drops 3% after one year, how much is the value of all your positions at that time?

8. The following parts can be done in a small group of students (indicate your group's member):
- (a) Collect current data from treasury bonds and swaps (you need to indicate your source and data information).
  - (b) Using bootstrap and interpolation methods, strip the zero rates implied from your data.
  - (c) Find a smooth interpolation of the zero-bond prices (e.g. you can use cubic splines).
  - (d) Determine the instantaneous forward rate curve  $f(t, T)$ .